

100Gb/s QSFP56 SR2 850nm 100m MMF Optical Transceiver

Features

- Hot-pluggable QSFP56 form factor
- Compliant to SFF-8636
- Maximum link length of 100m on OM4 fiber with KP4 FEC
- +3.3V single power supply
- Power dissipation < 3.5W
- Operating case temp Commercial: 0°C to +70 °C
- MPO-12 UPC connector
- RoHS compliant

Description

The QSFP56 100G SR2 optical module utilizes a 2x50G PAM4 channel design, supporting 100Gbps aggregate bandwidth and a transmission distance of up to 70-100 meters (OM4 fiber). It features low power consumption and low latency, and complies with IEEE 802.3 standards. This module is commonly used for short-distance, high-speed interconnects in data centers and is suitable for use in 200GbE to 2x100G applications, enabling flexible bandwidth deployment and interconnect expansion.

The product is designed with form factor, optical/electrical connection and digital diagnostic interface according to the QSFP56 Multi-Source Agreement (MSA). It has been designed to meet the harshest external operating conditions including temperature, humidity and EMI interference.

Functional Description

The module incorporates 2 parallel channels, on 850nm Center Wavelength, operating at 50G per channel. The transmitter path incorporates a 2-channel re-timer, a quad channel VCSEL drivers together with a VCSEL array. On the receiver path, a photo diode array optics are coupled with an 2- channel re-timer. The electrical interface is compliant with IEEE 802.3bs and QSFP56 MSA in the transmitting and receiving directions, and the optical interface is compliant to QSFP56 MSA with MP0-12 UPC Optical Connector.

A single +3.3V power supply is required to power up this product. All the power supply pins are internally connected and should be applied concurrently. As per MSA specifications the module offers seven low speed hardware control pins (including the 2-wire serial interface): ModSelL, SCL, SDA, ResetL, InitMode, ModPrsL and IntL.

Module Select (ModSelL) is an input pin. When held low by the host, this product responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL allows the use of this product on a single 2-wire interface bus – individual ModSelL lines must be used.

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Serial Clock (SCL) and Serial Data (SDA) are required for the 2-wire serial bus communication interface and enable the host to access the memory map.

The ResetL pin enables a complete reset, returning the settings to their default state, when a low level on the ResetL pin is held for longer than the minimum pulse length. During the execution of a reset the host shall disregard all status bits until it indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The product indicates this by posting an IntL (Interrupt) signal with the Data_Not_Ready bit negated in the memory map. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module should post this completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

Initialize Mode (InitMode) is an input signal. It is pulled up to Vcc in the QSFP56 module. The InitMode signal allows the host to define whether the QSFP56 module will initialize under host software control (InitMode asserted High) or module hardware control (InitMode deasserted Low). Under host software control, the module shall remain in Low Power Mode until software enables the transition to High Power Mode, as defined in the QSFP56 Management Interface Specification. Under hardware control (InitMode de-asserted Low), the module may immediately transition to High Power Mode after the management interface is initialized. The host shall not change the state of this signal while the module is present. In legacy QSFP applications, this signal is named LPMMode. See SFF-8679 for LPMMode signal description.

Module Present (ModPrsL) is a signal local to the host board which, in the absence of a product, is normally pulled up to the host Vcc. When the product is inserted into the connector, it completes the path to ground through a resistor on the host board and asserts the signal. ModPrsL then indicates its present by setting ModPrsL to a "Low" state.

Interrupt (IntL) is an output pin. "Low" indicates a possible operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is an open collector output and must be pulled to the Host Vcc voltage on the Host board.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table1-Absolute Maximum Ratings						
Parameter	Symbols	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40		+85	°C	
Operating Relative Humidity (non-condensing)	RH	+5		85	%	1
Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.5		3.6	V	
Receiver Damage Threshold per Lane	PRDMG	5			dBm	

Notes:

[1] No condensation

Recommended Operating Conditions

Table2-Recommended Operating Conditions						
Parameter	Symbols	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Case Temperature	Tc	0		+70	°C	
Supply Voltage	VCC	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Power Dissipation	Pd			3.5	W	
Data Rate				212.5	Gbps	
Link Distance with G.652	D			100	m	1

Notes:

[1] OM4 fiber, 70m for OM3 fiber, with KP4 FEC

Electrical Characteristic

Table3-Electrical Characteristic						
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Signaling rate (each lane)	SR	26.5625 ± 100 ppm			GBPS	
Differential data input voltage per lane	V _{in,pp,diff}	900			mV	
Differential termination mismatch				10	%	
Single-ended voltage tolerance range		-0.4		3.3	V	
DC common mode voltage		-350		2850	mV	
Receiver						

Signaling rate (each lane)	SR	26.5625 ± 100 ppm			GBd	
Differential output voltage				900	mV	
Near-end ESMW (Eye symmetry mask width)		0.265			UI	
Near-end Eye height, differential (min)		70			mV	
Far-end ESMW (Eye symmetry mask width)		0.2			UI	
Far-end Eye height, differential (min)		30			mV	
Differential termination mismatch				10	%	
Transition time (min, 20% to 80%)		9.5			ps	
DC common mode voltage		-350		2850	mV	

Optical Characteristics

Table4-RecomOptical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbols	Units.	Min.	Typical	Max	Notes
Transceiver						
Signaling rate (each lane)	SR	GBd	26.5625 ± 100 ppm			
Modulation format	-	-	PAM4			
Lane wavelength	λ	nm	840	850	860	
RMS spectral width	$\Delta \lambda$	nm	-	-	0.6	
Average launch power, each lane	-	dBm	-6.5	-	4	
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA _{outer}), each lane	-	dBm	-4.5	-	3	1
Launch power in OMA _{outer} minus TDECQ, each lane	-	dBm	-5.9	-	-	
Transmitter and dispersion eye closure for PAM4 (TDECQ), each lane	-	dB	-	-	4.5	
Average launch power of OFF transmitter, each lane	-	dBm	-	-	-30	
Extinction ratio	-	dB	3	-	-	
Transmitter transition time, each lane	-	ps	-	-	34	
Optical return loss tolerance	-	dB	-	-	12	
Receiver						
Signaling rate (each lane)	SR	GBd	26.5625 ± 100 ppm			
Modulation format	-	-	PAM4			
Lane wavelength	λ	nm	840	850	860	
Damage threshold, each lane	PIN	dBm	5	-	-	
Average receive power, each lane	-	dBm	-8.4	-	4	
Receive power (OMA _{outer}), each lane	-	dBm	-	-	3	
Receiver sensitivity (OMA _{outer}), each lane	-	dBm	-	-	Max{6.5, SECQ-7.9}	2

LOS Assert	-	dBm	-30	-	-10	
LOS De-Assert	-	dBm	-	-	-9	
LOS Hysteresis	-	dB	0.5	-	-	

Notes:

[1] Even if the TDECQ < 1.4 dB, the OMA_{outer} (min) must exceed this value.

[2] Bit Error Ratio < 2.4x10⁻⁴, Pattern PRBS31Q

Pin Description

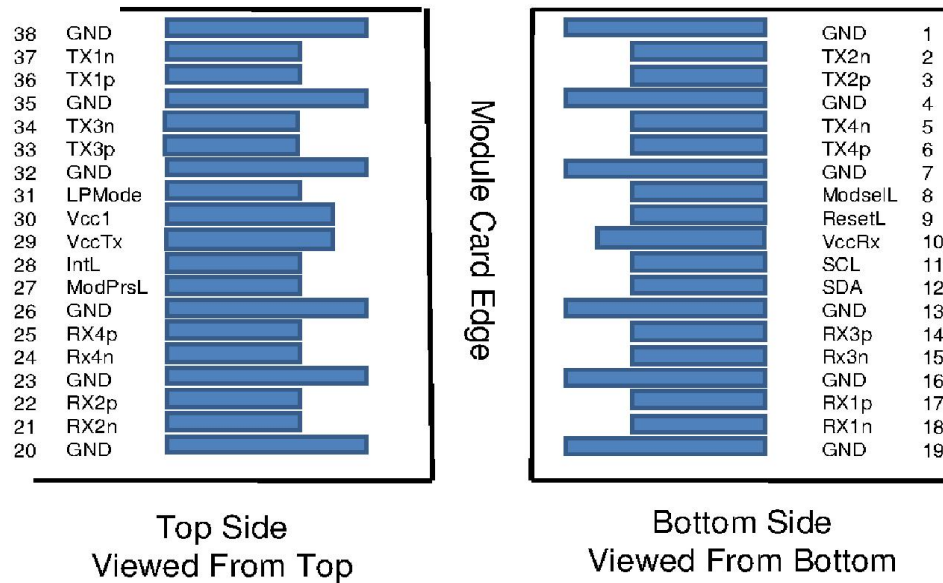


Figure 1 Pin view

Pin Function Definitions

Pin	Symbols	Description	Notes
1	GND	Ground	1
2	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
3	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
4	GND	Ground	1
5	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
6	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
7	GND	Ground	
8	ModSelL	Module Select	
9	ResetL	Module Reset	
10	Vcc Rx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver	2
11	SCL	2-wire serial interface clock	
12	SDA	2-wire serial interface data	
13	GND	Ground	
14	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	

15	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
16	GND	Ground	1
17	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
18	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	1
19	GND	Ground	1
20	GND	Ground	
21	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
22	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
23	GND	Ground	
24	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
25	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
26	GND	Ground	1
27	ModPrsL	Module Present	
28	IntL	Interrupt	
29	VccTx	+3.3V Power supply transmitter	2
30	Vcc1	+3.3V Power supply	2
31	LPMode	Low Power Mode	
32	GND	Ground	1
33	Tx3p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
34	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
35	GND	Ground	1
36	Tx1p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
37	Tx1n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
38	GND	Ground	1

Notes:

[1]Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.

Recommended Interface Circuit

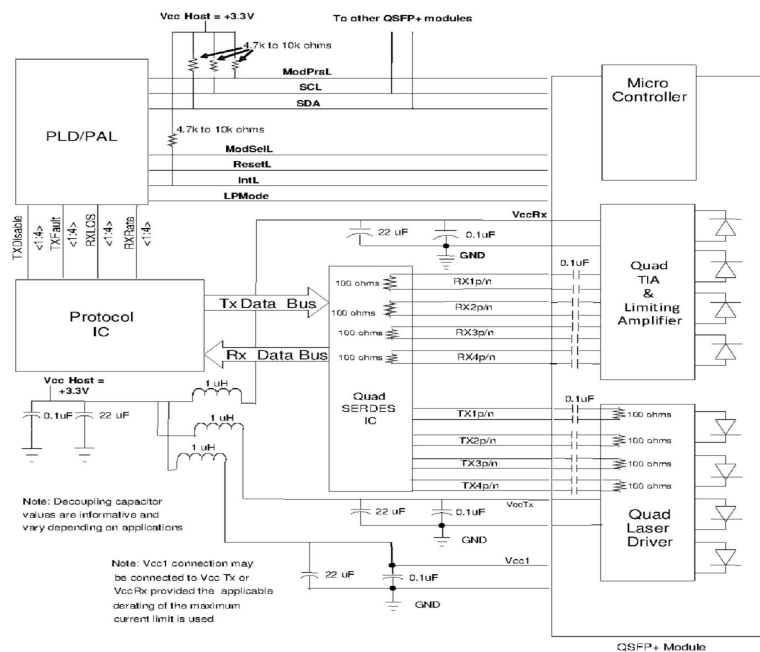


Figure 2 Recommended Interface Circuit

Optical interface arrangement

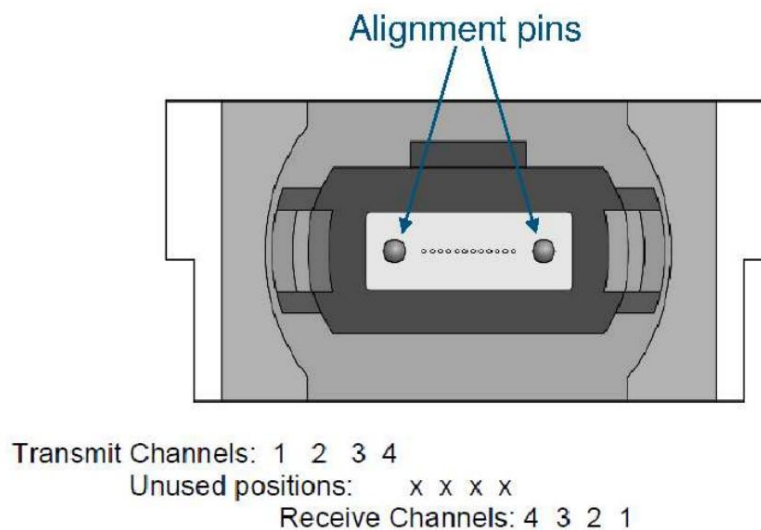


Figure 3 Optical interface arrangement

Mechanical Dimensions

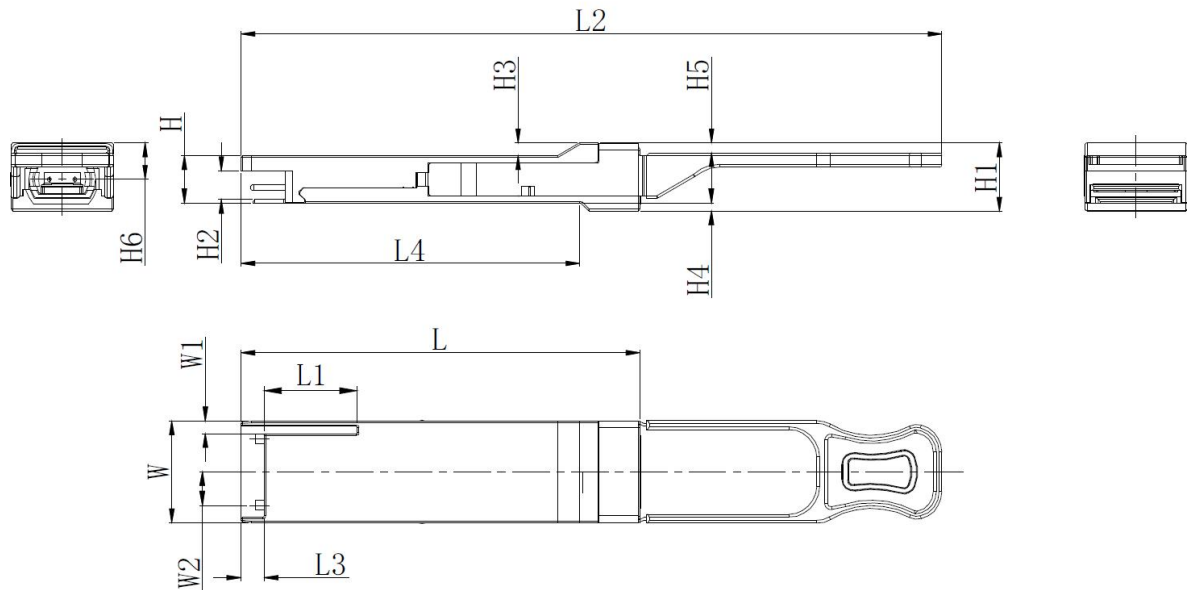


Figure 4 Mechanical Outline

Unit mm

	L	L1	L2	L3	L4	W	W1	W2	H	H1	H2	H3	H4	H5	H6
Max	72.2	-	128	4.35	61.4	18.45	-	6.2	8.6	12.4	5.35	2.5	1.6	2.0	-
Type	72.0	-	-	4.20	61.2	18.35	-	-	8.5	12.2	5.2	2.3	1.5	1.8	6.55
Min	68.8	16.5	124	4.05	61.0	18.25	2.2	5.8	8.4	12.0	5.05	2.1	1.3	1.6	-

Warnings

Handling Precautions: This device is susceptible to damage as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD).

A static free environment is highly recommended. Follow guidelines according to proper ESD procedures.

Laser Safety

Radiation emitted by laser devices can be dangerous to human eyes. Avoid eye exposure to direct or indirect radiation.

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